TOWN OF ST. PAUL

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

DECEMBER 31, 2014



JMD Group LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Maurice R. Joly, CA, CFP* Barbara K. McCarthy, CA* Claude R. Dion, CA, CMA* Richard R. Jean, CA* Amie Anderson, CA* *Denotes Professional Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council:

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Town of St. Paul, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2014, and the consolidated statements of operations, change in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of St. Paul as at December 31, 2014, the results of its operations, change in its net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

ST. PAUL, ALBERTA April 27, 2015

JMD Group CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

TOWN OF ST. PAUL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2014

	2014	2013
Financial assets		
Cash	\$ 4,589,268	\$ 3,818,298
Taxes and grants in place receivable (note 2)	200,712	231,810
Trade and other receivables	900,982	698,870
Receivables from other governments	30,877	130,434
Loans receivable (note 3)	700,291	756,595
Land held for resale	983,438	373,873
Credit union shares	16,555	15,920
	10,333	13,920
	7,422,123	6,025,800
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 4)	1,776,309	1,396,782
Deposit liabilities		10,000
Deferred revenue (note 5)	350,652	407,834
Long-term debt (note 6)	4,651,528	3,119,956
	6,778,489	4,934,572
Net financial assets	643,634	1,091,228
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (schedule 2)	57,529,119	54,705,565
Consumable inventory	222,992	235,574
Prepaid expenses	8,750	
	57,760,861	54,941,139
Accumulated surplus (note 9)	\$ <u>58,404,495</u>	\$ <u>56,032,367</u>

Contingencies (note 12)

APPROYED

Mayor

Chief Administrative Officer

TOWN OF ST. PAUL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budget (unaudited	-	2013
Revenue			
Net municipal taxes (schedule 3)	\$ 6,286,420	\$ 5,915,247	\$ 5,475,449
Sales and user fees	2,887,905	3,213,315	3,174,740
Government transfers for operating (schedule		1,381,539	1,651,304
Franchise and concession contracts	800,000	831,032	786,215
Investment income	99,111	117,306	104,670
Penalties and costs on taxes	70,000	65,538	71,329
Rental revenue	523,140	642,538	551,670
Licenses and permits	121,900	166,420	148,736
Fines issued	60,500	107,553	75,294
Donations and costs recovered	17,508	63,868	11,779
	12,180,623	12,504,356	12,051,186
Expenses			
Legislative	217,916	233,238	205,720
Administration	1,292,464	1,158,806	1,163,656
Protective services	2,196,703	2,325,253	2,078,499
Transportation	3,916,008	3,772,939	3,277,820
Water and wastewater	1,588,299	1,437,916	1,677,896
Waste management	402,789	477,470	545,565
Public health and welfare	613,188	533,731	507,248
Planning and development	45,000	42,170	374,879
Recreation and culture	2,929,839	2,918,155	2,656,583
Shortfall of revenues over	13,202,206	12,899,678	12,487,866
expenses before other	(1.001.703)	(205.000)	
	(1,021,583)	(395,322)	(436,680)
Other			
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets		8,803	8,914
Developer levies and other revenues for capital		563,448	224,912
Government transfers for capital (schedule 4)	2,247,413	2,195,199	784,245
Excess of revenues over expenses	1,225,830	2,372,128	581,391
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	56,032,367	56,032,367	55,450,976
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ <u>57,258,197</u>	\$ <u>58,404,495</u>	\$ 56,032,367

TOWN OF ST. PAUL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budget (unaudited)	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ <u>1,225,830</u>	\$ 2,372,128	\$ _581,391
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	(3,332,410) 2,261,724	14,881 (5,095,415) (8,803) <u>2,265,783</u>	39,438 (2,025,612) (8,914) 2,174,439
Acquisition of consumable inventory Use of consumable inventory	(1,070,686) 100,000 100,000	(2,823,554) (105,205) _117,787	179,351 (156,286) 118,680
		12,582	(37,606)
Acquisition of prepaid expenses Use of prepaid expenses		(8,750)	3,200
		<u>(8,750</u>)	3,200
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets	155,144	(447,594)	(726,336)
Net financial assets, beginning of year	1,091,228	1,091,228	364,892
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ <u>1,246,372</u>	\$ <u>643,634</u>	\$ <u>1,091,228</u>

TOWN OF ST. PAUL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Net inflow (outflow) of cash related to the following activities:	2014	2013
Operating		
Excess of revenues over expenses Non-cash item included:	\$ 2,372,128	\$ 581,391
Amortization of tangible capital assets	2,265,783	2,174,439
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets Non-cash charges to operations (net change): Decrease (increase) in	(8,803)	(8,914)
Taxes and grants in place receivable	31,098	2 202
Trade and other receivables	(202,112)	2,383 (103,933)
Receivables from other governments	99,557	771,470
Consumable inventory	12,582	(37,606)
Land held for resale	(609,565)	330,000
Prepaid expenses	(8,750)	3,200
Increase (decrease) in		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	379,527	(77,635)
Deposit liabilities	(10,000)	5,000
Deferred revenue	<u>(57,182</u>)	(121,772)
	4,264,263	3,518,023
Investing		2,010,023
Increase in Credit Union shares	(635)	(611)
Capital		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(5,095,415)	(2,025,612)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	14,881	(2,025,012) $39,438$
Financing	(5,080,534)	(1,986,174)
Loans receivable collected	56,304	52 066
Proceeds from loans	2,252,456	53,966
Long-term debt repaid	_(720,884)	_(210,389)
	1,587,876	(156,423)
Change in cash during the year	770,970	1,374,815
Cash, beginning of year	3,818,298	2,443,483
Cash, end of year	\$ <u>4,589,268</u>	\$ <u>3,818,298</u>

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SCHEDULE 1 – CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

SCHEDULE 2 - TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Total	\$ 104,346,942 5,095,415 (85,603) 109,356,754	49,641,377	(79,525) 51,827,635	\$ 57,259,119	
Construction In Progress	\$ 43,279 1,064,095 1,107,374	1 1.		\$ <u>1,107,374</u> \$ <u>43,279</u>	
Vehicles	\$ 2,453,653 264,925 (77,500) 2,641,078	1,025,634	(77,500)	\$ 1,532,334 \$ 1,107,374 \$ 1,428,019 \$ 43,279	
Machinery & Equipment	\$ 2,652,691 537,024 (8,103) 3,181,612	1,200,827	(2,025) 1,311,121	\$ 1,870,491	
Engineered Structures	\$ 72,610,695 2,820,559 75,431,254	38,278,779	39,654,447	\$ <u>39,776,807</u> \$ <u>1,870,491</u> \$ <u>34,331,916</u> \$ <u>1,451,864</u>	
Buildings	\$ 22,178,444 320,810 22,499,254	8,283,844	8,725,922	\$ <u>13,773,332</u> \$ <u>13,894,600</u>	
Land <u>Improvements</u>	\$ 2,979,890 88,002 3,067,892	852,293	1,027,401	\$ 2,040,491	
Land	\$ 1,428,290 1,428,290	1 1		\$ 1,428,290 \$ 1,428,290	
Cost	Balance, beginning of year Acquisitions Disposals Balance, end of year Accumulated amortization	Balance, beginning of year Annual amortization Accumulated amortization on	Balance, end of year Net book value of tangible	capital assets 2013 Net book value of tangible capital assets	

TOWN OF ST. PAUL SCHEDULE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Taxation	Budget (Unaudited		2013
Real property taxes Government grants in place of taxes Linear property taxes	\$ 7,724,961	\$ 7,379,610	\$ 6,939,928
	300,000	277,327	298,279
	<u>167,000</u>	166,823	<u>161,994</u>
Requisitions Alberta School Foundation M.D. of St. Paul Foundation	8,191,961	7,823,760	7,400,201
	1,789,019	1,791,992	1,737,856
	116,522	116,521	186,896
Net taxes for general municipal purposes	1,905,541	1,908,513	1,924,752
	\$ <u>6,286,420</u>	\$ 5,915,247	\$ <u>5,475,449</u>
SCHEDULE 4 - GO	OVERNMENT 1	RANSFERS	
Transfers for operations Federal Provincial	\$ 3,000	\$ 9,776	\$ 3,000
	905,815	888,203	1,266,476
Local government	405,324	483,560	381,828
Transfers for capital Provincial	1,314,139	1,381,539	1,651,304
	2,247,413	2,187,699	784,245
Local government	<u></u> 2,247,413	<u>7,500</u> <u>2,195,199</u>	
	\$ <u>3,561,552</u>	\$ <u>3,576,738</u>	\$ <u>2,435,549</u>
SCHEDULE 5	- EXPENSES BY	TYPE	
Expenses Salaries, wages and benefits Contracted and general services Materials, goods, supplies and utilities Contracts with other governments Transfers to other governments Transfers to local boards and agencies Transfers to individuals and organizations Bank charges Interest on long-term debt Provision for allowances and tax rebates Amortization	\$ 4,524,884	\$ 4,588,763	\$ 4,241,600
	1,472,147	1,243,382	1,284,373
	3,150,658	2,945,693	3,130,379
	1,350,000	1,514,539	1,338,084
		30,375	3,000
	64,000	58,237	19,148
	161,855	105,419	114,123
	200	104	20
	136,738	135,451	143,044
	80,000	11,932	39,656
Total expenses	<u>2,261,724</u>	<u>2,265,783</u>	2,174,439
	\$ <u>13,202,206</u>	\$ 12,899,678	\$ 12,487,866
	W IJAULGEUU	Ψ 12,077,070	Ψ 12,707,000

SCHEDULE 6 – SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Total	\$ 5,915,247 3,213,315 1,381,539 2,195,199 642,538 117,306 1,234,411 563,448 8,803	4,588,763 2,757,921 2,945,693 194,031 135,451	10,633,895 4,637,911 (2,265,783) \$ 2,372,128
Recreation and Culture	\$ 306,138 271,470 52,710 490,009 23 63,868	1,220,635 240,533 1,012,178	2,473,346 (1,289,128) (444,809) \$ (1,733,937)
Public Health, Planning and Development	\$ 256,503 230,321 902,909 106,718 1,137 1,497,588	207,882 124,307 108,491 2,274 1,987	1,052,647 (130,960) \$ 921,687
Environment <u>Services</u>	\$ 2,280,216 172,416 178,740 563,448 4,500 3,199,320	420,769 313,110 659,518 28,819	1,422,216 1,777,104 (493,170) \$ 1,283,934
Transportation Services	\$ 187,522 99,336 1,053,340 38,832 4,303 1,383,333	1,471,618 95,173 957,518 58,237 67,245	2,649,791 (1,266,458) (1,123,148) \$ (2,389,606)
Protective Services	\$ 105,751 606,859 7,500 112,882 112,882 832,992	484,769 1,640,716 114,036 30,375	1,373,705 2,269,896 5,800,650 (1,436,904) (18,339) (55,357) \$ 5,782,311 \$ (1,492,261)
Government	\$ 5,915,247 77,185 1,137 6,979 117,283 1,056,524 7,174,355	783,090 344,082 93,952 103,145 37,400 12,036	1,373,705 5,800,650 (18,339) \$ 5,782,311
Revenue	Net municipal taxes Sales and user fees Government transfers for operations Government transfers for capital Rental revenue Investment income Other revenues for operations Other revenues for capital Gain on disposal of assets	Salaries, wages and benefits Contract and general services Materials, goods, supplies and utilities Transfers to others Interest on long-term debt Other expenses	Net revenue before amortization Amortization expense Net revenue

1. Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements of the Town of St. Paul are the representations of management prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the town are as follows:

(a) Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations plus all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the town and are, therefore, accountable to the town Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources. These statements include the St. Paul Municipal Library.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties.

Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

(b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

(c) Cash

Cash is defined as petty cash and cash in chequing accounts adjusted for outstanding cheques and deposits.

1. Significant Accounting Policies – continued

(d) <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(e) Inventory of Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping, and leveling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under their respective function.

(f) Requisition Over-levy and Under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

(g) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

1. Significant Accounting Policies - continued

(h) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets for the year.

(i) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The costs, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Land improvements	10-25
Buildings	50
Engineered structures	
Roadway system	20-30
Water distribution system	40-75
Wastewater treatment system	40-75
Storm sewers	75
Machinery and equipment	10-25
Vehicles	10-15

No amortization is charged in the year of acquisition. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

(ii) Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recoded as revenue.

(iii) Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

2.	Taxes and Grants in Place Receivable	2014	2013
	Current taxes and grants in place Non-current taxes and grants in place Less: allowance	\$ 186,549 23,878 (9,715) \$ 200,712	\$ 87,563 259,247 (115,000)
		\$ <u>200,712</u>	\$ <u>231,810</u>
3.	Loans Receivable	<u>2014</u>	2013
	5.75% debenture due from the M.D. of St. Paul Foundation payable in annual installments of \$10,133 plus interest, maturing June, 2014.	\$	\$ 10,133
	5.875% debenture due from the M.D. of St. Paul Foundation payable in equal annual installments of \$41,339 including principal and interest, maturing on March 17, 2023.	282,709	306,066
	4.726% debenture due from the M.D. of St. Paul Foundation payable in equal semi-annual installments of \$21,680 including principal and interest, maturing on December 17, 2027.	417,582	440,396
	Total loans receivable	700,291	756,595
	Less: current portion	<u>(48,633)</u>	(56,303)
		\$ <u>651,658</u>	\$ <u>700,292</u>
4.	Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	<u>2014</u>	2013
	Wages payable Vacation and overtime liability Trade payables Accrued debenture interest	\$ 113,830 348,535 1,272,223 41,721	\$ 110,629 300,380 941,417 44,356
		\$ <u>1,776,309</u>	\$ <u>1,396,782</u>

The vacation and overtime liability is comprised of the vacation and overtime that employees have earned and are deferring to future years. The wages payable liability is the wages and benefits accrued from the last pay period to December 31.

5.	Deferred Revenue	2014	2013
	Federal Gas Tax	\$ 76,087	\$ 5,282
	ACP Area Structural Plan	154,261	
	Donations for protective services equipment	9,242	9,242
	FCSS projects	10,151	6,332
	Public Safety grant	16,800	12,000
	Early Child Development Mapping	14,216	34,837
	MSI - Capital	33,496	240,000
	MSI - Operating	_36,399	100,141
		\$ <u>350,652</u>	\$ <u>407,834</u>

Funding from various grant programs, organizations and individuals in the amount of \$350,652 remained unspent at the end of the current year. The use of these funds is restricted to eligible operating and capital projects as approved under the funding agreements or as indicated by the donors. Most of the projects are scheduled for completion in 2015.

6.	Long-Term Debt	<u>2014</u>	2013
	Tax supported debentures - capital Self supported debentures - operating Tax supported mortgage - operating Tax supported supplier loan - capital	\$ 2,199,846 700,291 397,210 <u>1,354,181</u>	\$ 2,373,494 746,462
		\$ <u>4,651,528</u>	\$ <u>3,119,956</u>

Principal and interest repayments are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2015	\$ 440,092	\$ 134,108	\$ 574,200
2016	451,905	122,295	574,200
2017	464,216	109,984	574,200
2018	477,049	97,151	574,200
2019	490,425	83,775	574,200
Thereafter	<u>2,327,841</u>	227,623	2,555,464
	\$ <u>4,651,528</u>	\$ <u>774,936</u>	\$ <u>5,426,464</u>

Debenture debt is repayable to the Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at rates ranging from 4.214% to 5.875% per annum and mature in periods 2023 through 2027.

The mortgage is repayable to an individual and bears interest at 2% and matures in 2020. Monthly payments are \$6,852.

6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

The supplier loan is non-interest bearing and is repayable in 10 equal annual instalments of \$135,418.

The average annual interest rate is 4.019 for 2014 (4.44925% for 2013).

Debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town of St. Paul at large.

Interest on long-term debt amounted to \$135,451 (2013 - \$143,044).

The town's total cash payment for interest on long-term debt was \$138,086 (2013 - \$146,167).

7. Debt Limits

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town of St. Paul be disclosed as follows:

	<u>2014</u>	2013
Total debt limit Total debt	\$ 19,626,160 (4,923,486)	\$ 18,427,518 (3,340,363)
Amount under total debt limit	\$ <u>14,702,674</u>	\$ <u>15,087,155</u>
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	\$ 3,271,027 (398,688)	\$ 3,071,253 (271,857)
Amount under debt servicing limit	\$ <u>2,872,339</u>	\$ 2,799,396

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

8.	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	<u>2014</u>	2013
	Tangible capital assets (schedule 2) Accumulated amortization (schedule 2) Capital long-term debt (note 6)	\$ 109,356,754 (51,827,635) (3,554,027)	\$ 104,346,942 (49,641,377) (2,373,494)
		\$ 53,975,092	\$ 52,332,071

9. Accumulated Surplus

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Unrestricted surplus	\$_2,837,598	\$ 2,176,301
Restricted surplus		
General capital	1,000,000	1,000,000
Water	336,384	336,384
Fire truck	106,351	106,351
Fire equipment	67,810	
Parks	81,260	81,260
	1,591,805	1,523,995
Equity in tangible capital assets (note 8)	53,975,092	52,332,071
	\$ <u>58,404,495</u>	\$ 56,032,367

10. Salary and Benefits Disclosure

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials and the chief administrative officer as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

		2014							2013	
		Salary ^(a)		Benefits & Allowances ^(b)			Total		Total	
Mayor - And	ersen	\$	42,850	\$	6,831	\$	49,681		\$ 44,222	
Councillors -	- Wiebe		23,610		2,598		26,208		24,923	
	Kwiatkowski		25,455		5,699		31,154		25,160	
	Padlesky		22,545		2,468		25,013		23,942	
	Noel		24,185		1,550		25,735		27,541	
	Bogdan		21,685		1,112		22,797		4,326	
	Gervais		29,990		2,675		32,665		4,373	
	Gratton				-				19,699	
Chief Admin	istrative Officer		127,394	2	25,044]	152,438		144,602	

- (a) Salary includes regular base pay, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- (b) Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, and long and short term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition and council travel.

11. Segmented Disclosure

The Town of St. Paul provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in note 1.

Refer to Schedule 6 – Segmented Disclosure.

12. Contingencies

- (a) The Town of St. Paul is a member of the Alberta Municipal Insurance Exchange (MUNIX). Under the terms of membership, the Town of St. Paul could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.
- (b) The town has guaranteed \$1,000,000 in loans at the Servus Credit Union for the St. Paul Golf Club. As at December 31, 2013 the loan balance outstanding was \$850,879 and the overdraft balance was \$121,067. The loans are in good standing.
- (c) The town has guaranteed their pro-rata share of a 5.4% Servus Credit Union loan to the M.D. of St. Paul Foundation. The town's share is calculated based on their equalized assessment. As at December 31, 2013 the loan balance was \$1,041; therefore the town's guarantee would be limited to \$303. The loan is in good standing.
- (d) The Town of St. Paul is a member of the Evergreen Regional Waste Management Services Commission. Each participating municipality funds a portion of the Commission's deficit based on their proportionate tippage for the year. The expense is accounted for as a current transaction in the year the town is invoiced.

13. Commitments

- (a) The Town has signed an agreement with North East Muni-Corr Ltd. for the purchase of two parcels of land. The agreement is non-interest bearing and is being repaid in ten annual installments of \$30,000 commencing June 2015. Title for the properties will not be transferred to the Town until the final payment is received.
- (b) The Town has signed an agreement with the Elk Point/St. Paul Regional Water Commission for the repayment of the debenture that the commission will be taking out for the upgrade to the St. Paul water treatment plant. The amount of the debenture and repayment terms are not currently known. The commission is responsible for 7.85% of the costs of the upgrade.

14. Local Authorities Pension Plan

Employees of the town participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Alberta Public Sector Pension Plans Act. The LAPP serves about 231,000 people and 418 employers. The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and by investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The town is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 11.39% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 15.84% on pensionable earnings above this amount. Employees of the town are required to make current service contributions of 10.39% of pensionable salary up to the year's maximum pensionable salary and 14.84% on pensionable salary above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the town to the LAPP in 2014 were \$314,640 (2013 - \$271,755). Total current service contributions by the employees of the town to the LAPP in 2014 were 288,551 (2013 - \$247,024).

At December 31, 2013, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial deficiency of \$4.862 billion.

15. Financial Instruments

The town's financial instruments consist of cash, credit union shares, receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and long-term debt. It is management's opinion that the town is not exposed to significant interest or currency risks arising from these financial instruments.

The town is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place receivable and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the town provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of the financial instruments approximates fair value

16. Approval of Financial Statements

These financial statements were approved by Council and management.

17. Budget Amounts

Budget amounts are included for information purposes only and are not audited.

18. Recent Accounting Pronouncements Published But Not Yet Adopted

PSAB Section 3260, Liability for Contaminated Sites

Beginning with the 2015 fiscal year municipalities will be required to account for and report liabilities associated with the remediation of inactive contaminated sites within their municipality.

Specifically, the new section:

- defines which activities would be included in a liability for remediation;
- establishes when to recognize and how to measure a liability for remediation; and
- provides the related financial statement presentation and disclosure requirements.

PSAB Section 3041, Portfolio Investments

This standard is effective for the 2016 fiscal year and addresses the distinction between temporary and portfolio investments.

PSAB Section 3450, Financial Instruments

PS3450 establishes recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements for derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, effective for the 2016 fiscal year.