TOWN OF ST. PAUL

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

DECEMBER 31, 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council:

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Town of St. Paul, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2013, and the consolidated statements of operations, change in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of St. Paul as at December 31, 2013, the results of its operations, change in its net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

ST. PAUL, ALBERTA April 14, 2014

TOWN OF ST. PAUL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2013

	2013	2012
Financial assets		
Cash	\$ 3,818,298	\$ 2,443,483
Taxes and grants in place receivable (note 2)	231,810	234,193
Trade and other receivables	698,870	594,937
Receivables from other governments	130,434	901,904
Loans receivable (note 3)	756,595	810,561
Land held for resale	373,873	703,873
Credit union shares	15,920	15,309
	_6,025,800	5,704,260
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 4)	1,396,782	1,474,417
Deposit liabilities	10,000	5,000
Deferred revenue (note 5)	407,834	529,606
Long-term debt (note 6)	3,119,956	3,330,345
	4,934,572	5,339,368
Net financial assets	_1,091,228	364,892
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (schedule 2)	54,705,565	54,884,916
Consumable inventory	235,574	197,968
Prepaid expenses	<u> </u>	3,200
	54,941,139	55,086,084
Accumulated surplus (note 9)	\$ <u>56,032,367</u>	\$ <u>55,450,976</u>

Contingencies (note 12)

APPROVED

Chief Administrative Officer

TOWN OF ST. PAUL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Budget (unaudited)	2013	<u>2012</u>
Revenue		(unauanca)		
Net municipal taxes (schedule 3)	S	5,768,606	\$ 5,475,449	\$ 5,216,486
Sales and user fees		2,852,625	3,174,740	2,535,513
Government transfers for operating (schedule	4)	1,876,592	1,651,304	1,336,877
Franchise and concession contracts	,	700,000	786,215	681,770
Investment income		82,031	104,670	106,524
Penalties and costs on taxes		60,000	71,329	50,421
Rental revenue		377,100	551,670	291,788
Licenses and permits		121,550	148,736	155,514
Fines issued		45,500	75,294	42,849
Donations and costs recovered		9,330	11,779	13,565
	1	11,893,334	12,051,186	10,431,307
Expenses				
Legislative		209,500	205,720	211,621
Administration		1,185,406	1,163,656	1,039,218
Protective services		2,001,234	2,078,499	1,804,145
Transportation		3,173,130	3,277,820	3,200,085
Water and wastewater		1,722,278	1,677,896	1,566,592
Waste management		571,417	545,565	469,527
Public health and welfare		626,288	507,248	418,620
Planning and development		31,500	374,879	34,797
Recreation and culture	-	2,536,352	2,656,583	2,424,786
Cl. 46 II 6	1	2,057,105	12,487,866	11,169,391
Shortfall of revenues over		(163,771)	(436,680)	(738,084)
expenses before other		(103,771)	(430,080)	(738,084)
Other				
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets			8,914	30,881
Other revenues for capital			224,912	
Government transfers for capital (schedule 4)	-	1,425,784	784,245	4,484,478
Excess of revenues over expenses		1,262,013	581,391	3,777,275
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	5	55,450,976	55,450,976	51,673,701
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 5	66,712,989	\$ <u>56,032,367</u>	\$ <u>55,450,976</u>

TOWN OF ST. PAUL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budget (unaudited)	2013	2012
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ <u>1,262,013</u>	\$ _581,391	\$ 3,777,275
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	(2,812,717) 2,164,744	39,438 (2,025,612) (8,914) 2,174,439	49,750 (6,672,982) (30,881) 2,084,313
	(647,973)	179,351	(4,569,800)
Acquisition of consumable inventory Use of consumable inventory	(121,200) 118,000	(156,286) 118,680	(118,602)
	(3,200)	(37,606)	446
Acquisition of prepaid expenses Use of prepaid expenses	3,200	3,200	(3,200) 1,000
	3,200	3,200	(2,200)
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets	614,040	726,336	(794,279)
Net financial assets, beginning of year	364,892	364,892	1,159,171
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ <u>978,932</u>	\$ <u>1,091,228</u>	\$ <u>364,892</u>

TOWN OF ST. PAUL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	2013	2012
Net inflow (outflow) of cash related to the following		
activities:		
Operating		
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 581,391	\$ 3,777,275
Non-cash item included:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	2,174,439	2,084,313
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	(8,914)	(30,881)
Non-cash charges to operations (net change):		
Decrease (increase) in	2 2 2 2	20.640
Taxes and grants in place receivable	2,383	30,649
Trade and other receivables	(103,933)	98,450
Receivables from other governments	771,470	(819,951)
Consumable inventory Land held for resale	(37,606) 330,000	(220,000)
Prepaid expenses	3,200	(330,000) (2,200)
Increase (decrease) in	3,200	(2,200)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(77,635)	416,018
Deposit liabilities	5,000	(1,575)
Deferred revenue	_(121,772)	(1,355,285)
Investina	3,518,023	3,867,259
Investing Increase in Credit Union shares	(611)	(585)
increase in Credit Official Shares	<u>(611</u>)	(383)
Capital		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(2,025,612)	(6,672,982)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	39,438	49,750
	(1,986,174)	(6,623,232)
Financing		
Loans receivable collected	53,966	51,749
Long-term debt repaid	(210,389)	(201,368)
	_(156,423)	(149,619)
Change in cash during the year	1,374,815	(2,906,177)
Cash, beginning of year	2,443,483	5,349,660
Cash, end of year	\$ <u>3,818,298</u>	\$ <u>2,443,483</u>

TOWN OF ST. PAUL SCHEDULE 1 – CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

\$ 55,450,976	\$ 56,032,367	\$ 52,332,071	\$ 1,523,995	\$ 2,176,301	Balance, end of year
3,777,275	581,391	(12,795)	500,000	94,186	Change in accumulated surplus
		166,556		(166,556)	Capital long-term debt repaid
1	1	(2,174,439)	I	2,174,439	Annual amortization expense
1	1	(30,524)	I	30,524	Disposal of tangible capital assets
1	1	2,025,612	I	(2,025,612)	Current year funds used for tangible capital assets
1	1	I	500,000	(500,000)	Funds designated for future use
3,777,275	581,391	I		581,391	Excess of revenues over expenses
\$ 51,673,701	\$ 55,450,976	\$ 52,344,866	\$ 1,023,995	\$ 2,082,115	Balance, beginning of year
<u>2012</u>	2013	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	Restricted Surplus	Unrestricted Surplus	

TOWN OF ST. PAUL SCHEDULE 2 - TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

N	\$ <u>51,812</u>	\$ <u>1,425,580</u> \$ <u>1,382,549</u>	\$ 1,425,580	\$ 35,095,463	\$ 1,552,535 \$ 14,090,687 \$ 35,095,463	\$ 1,552,535	\$ 1,286,290	2012 Net book value of tangible capital assets
-		¢ 1 420 010	¢ 1 /51 86/	\$ 34 331 016	\$ 13 894 600	\$ 2 127 597	\$ 1,428,290	Net book value of tangible capital assets
!		1,025,634	1,200,827	38,278,779	8,283,844	852,293		Balance, end of year
1!		(30,000)	(52,548)					Accumulated amortization on disposals
1		143,981	105,002	1,374,615	436,388	114,453	1	Annual amortization
1		911,653	1,148,373	36,904,164	7,847,456	737,840	ı	Balance, beginning of year
								Accumulated amortization
0	43,279	2,453,653	2,652,691	72,610,695	22,178,444	2,979,890	1,428,290	Balance, end of year
0	(261,566)	(30,000)	(83,072)					Disposals
w	253,033	189,451	161,810	611,068	240,301	689,515	142,000	Acquisitions
(1	\$ 51,812	\$ 2,294,202	\$ 2,573,953	\$71,999,627	\$ 21,938,143	\$ 2,290,375	\$ 1,286,290	Balance, beginning of year
12 1.	Construction In Progress	Vehicles	Machinery & Equipment	Engineered Structures	Buildings	Land Improvements	Land	Cost

TOWN OF ST. PAUL SCHEDULE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budget (Unaudited)	2013	2012	
Taxation	(Olladalloa)			
Real property taxes	\$ 7,230,187	\$ 6,939,928	\$ 6,421,093	
Government grants in place of taxes	298,279	298,279	281,497	
Linear property taxes	<u>161,620</u>	_161,994	_153,168	
	7,690,086	7,400,201	6,855,758	
Requisitions	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,100,201	9,000,100	
Alberta School Foundation	1,734,584	1,737,856	1,505,599	
M.D. of St. Paul Foundation	186,896	_186,896	133,673	
	1,921,480	1,924,752	1,639,272	
Net taxes for general municipal purposes	\$ <u>5,768,606</u>	\$ <u>5,475,449</u>	\$ <u>5,216,486</u>	
SCHEDULE 4 - GO	VERNMENT T	RANSFERS		
Transfers for operations				
Federal	\$ 9,400	\$ 3,000	\$ 8,548	
Provincial	1,488,257	1,266,476	984,143	
Local government	378,935	381,828	344,186	
	1,876,592	1,651,304	1,336,877	
Transfers for capital	2,0,0,0,2	1,001,001	1,550,077	
Provincial	1,425,784	784,245	3,462,836	
Local government		<u> </u>	1,021,642	
	1,425,784	784,245	4,484,478	
	\$ <u>3,302,376</u>	\$ <u>2,435,549</u>	\$ <u>5,821,355</u>	
SCHEDULE 5 - EXPENSES BY TYPE				
Expenses				
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$ 3,938,959	\$ 4,241,600	\$ 3,690,054	
Contracted and general services	1,423,722	1,284,373	1,114,716	
Materials, goods, supplies and utilities	2,915,812	3,130,379	2,693,801	
Purchases from other governments	1,250,000	1,338,084	1,240,289	
Transfers to local boards and agencies	20,500	22,148	23,138	
Transfers to individuals and organizations	122,000	114,123	103,784	
Bank charges Interest on long-term debt	200 146,168	20 143,044	13 152,207	
Provision for allowances and tax rebates	75,000	39,656	67,076	
Amortization	2,164,744	2,174,439	2,084,313	
Total expenses	\$ 12,057,105	\$ 12,487,866	\$ 11,169,391	
		+, ,	- <u></u>	

0

SCHEDULE 6 – SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

<u>re</u> <u>Total</u>	\$ 5,475,449 3,174,740 1,651,304 784,245 551,670 104,670 1,093,353 224,912 8,914	4,241,600 2,622,457 3,130,379 136,271 143,044 39,676	2,755,830
Recreation and Culture	\$ 258,533 359,194 177,816 435,661 136 11,779 224,912 8,676	1,113,315 209,467 961,196 	(807,271)
Public Health, Planning and Development	\$ 446,101 204,730 43,387 91,833 	186,818 130,241 431,770 6,063 	31,159
Environment Services	\$ 2,186,510 61,923 61,92	711,955 359,062 632,012 30,973	514,431 (489,459)
Transportation Services	\$ 185,498 376,844 563,042 18,296 238 1,143,918	1,065,680 114,310 894,063 19,148 72,271	(1,021,554) (1,112,348)
Protective Services	\$ 44,790 648,613 80,359	455,672 1,462,722 102,652 3,000 	5,289,349 (1,250,284) (18,339) (54,453) \$ 5,771,010, \$ (1,204,737)
General Government	\$ 5,475,449 53,308 5,880 104,534 1,001,215 6,640,386	708,160 346,655 108,686 108,060 39,800 39,676 1,351,037	5,289,349 (18,339)
Revenue	Net municipal taxes Sales and user fees Government transfers for operations Government transfers for capital Rental revenue Investment income Other revenues for operations Other revenues for capital Gain on disposal of assets	Expenses Salaries, wages and benefits Contract and general services Materials, goods, supplies and utilities Transfers to others Interest on long-term debt Other expenses	Net revenue before amortization Amortization expense

1. Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements of the Town of St. Paul are the representations of management prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the town are as follows:

(a) Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations plus all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the town and are, therefore, accountable to the town Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources. These statements include the St. Paul Municipal Library.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties.

Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

(b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

(c) Cash

Cash is defined as petty cash and cash in chequing accounts adjusted for outstanding cheques and deposits.

1. Significant Accounting Policies – continued

(d) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(e) Inventory of Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping, and leveling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under their respective function.

(f) Requisition Over-levy and Under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

(g) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

1. Significant Accounting Policies – continued

(h) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets for the year.

(i) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The costs, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	10-25
Buildings	50
Engineered structures	
Roadway system	20-30
Water distribution system	40-75
Wastewater treatment system	40-75
Storm sewers	75
Machinery and equipment	10-25
Vehicles	10-15

No amortization is charged in the year of acquisition. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

(ii) Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recoded as revenue.

(iii) Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

2.	Taxes and Grants in Place Receivable	2013	2012
	Current taxes and grants in place Non-current taxes and grants in place Less: allowance	\$ 87,563 259,247 (115,000) \$ <u>231,810</u>	\$ 174,208 204,985 (145,000) \$ <u>234,193</u>
3.	Loans Receivable	2013	2012
	5.75% debenture due from the M.D. of St. Paul Foundation payable in annual installments of \$10,133 plus interest, maturing June, 2014.	\$ 10,133	\$ 20,267
	5.875% debenture due from the M.D. of St. Paul Foundation payable in equal annual installments of \$41,339 including principal and interest, maturing on March 17, 2023.	306,066	328,127
	4.726% debenture due from the M.D. of St. Paul Foundation payable in equal semi-annual installments of \$21,680 including principal and interest, maturing on December 17, 2027.	440,396	462,167
	Total loans receivable	756,595	810,561
	Less: current portion	(56,303)	(53,966)
		\$ <u>700,292</u>	\$ <u>756,595</u>
4.	Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
	Wages payable Vacation and overtime liability Trade payables Accrued debenture interest	\$ 110,629 300,380 941,417 44,356	\$ 85,565 276,955 1,064,418 47,479
		\$ <u>1,396,782</u>	\$ <u>1,474,417</u>

The vacation and overtime liability is comprised of the vacation and overtime that employees have earned and are deferring to future years. The wages payable liability is the wages and benefits accrued from the last pay period to December 31.

5.	Deferred Revenue	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
	Federal Gas Tax	\$ 5,282	\$ 433,193
	Splash park donations		68,135
	Basic Municipal Transportation		16,204
	Donations for protective services equipment	9,242	9,242
	FCSS projects	6,332	2,832
	Public Safety grant	12,000	-,00-
	Early Child Development Mapping	34,837	
	MSI - Capital	240,000	
	MSI - Operating	100,141	<u> </u>
		\$ <u>407,834</u>	\$ <u>529,606</u>

Funding from various grant programs, organizations and individuals in the amount of \$407,834 remained unspent at the end of the current year. The use of these funds is restricted to eligible operating and capital projects as approved under the funding agreements or as indicated by the donors. Most of the projects are scheduled for completion in 2014.

6.	Long-Term Debt	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
	Tax supported debentures - capital Self supported debentures - operating	\$ 2,373,494 	\$ 2,540,050
		\$ <u>3,119,956</u>	\$ 3,330,345

Principal and interest repayments are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2014	\$ 219,818	\$ 136,737	\$ 356,555
2015	229,676	126,879	356,555
2016	239,981	116,574	356,555
2017	250,755	105,800	356,555
2018	262,019	94,537	356,556
Thereafter	<u>1,917,707</u>	310,369	2,228,076
	\$ 3,119,956	\$ 890,896	\$ 4,010,852

Debenture debt is repayable to the Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at rates ranging from 4.214% to 5.875% per annum and mature in periods 2023 through 2027.

The average annual interest rate is 4.4925% for 2013 (4.48% for 2012).

Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town of St. Paul at large.

Interest on long-term debt amounted to \$143,044 (2012 - \$152,207).

The town's total cash payment for interest on long-term debt was \$146,167 (2012 - \$155,187).

7. Debt Limits

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town of St. Paul be disclosed as follows:

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Total debt limit Total debt	\$ 18,427,518 (3,340,363)	\$ 17,225,745 (3,530,543)
Amount under total debt limit	\$ <u>15,087,155</u>	\$ <u>13,695,202</u>
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	\$ 3,071,253 (271,857)	\$ 2,870,957 (271,857)
Amount under debt servicing limit	\$ <u>2,799,396</u>	\$ _2,599,100

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

8.	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	<u>2013</u>	2012
	Tangible capital assets (schedule 2) Accumulated amortization (schedule 2) Capital long-term debt (note 6)	\$ 104,346,942 (49,641,377) (2,373,494)	\$ 102,434,402 (47,549,486) (2,540,050)
	capital long term deet (note 0)	\$ <u>52,332,071</u>	\$ <u>52,344,866</u>

9. Accumulated Surplus

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	<u>2013</u>	2012
Unrestricted surplus Restricted surplus	\$ 2,176,301	\$ _2,082,115
General capital Water Fire	1,000,000 336,384 106,351	500,000 336,384 106,351
Parks	81,260 1,523,995	81,260 1,023,995
Equity in tangible capital assets (note 8)	52,332,071	52,344,866
	\$ <u>56,032,367</u>	\$ <u>55,450,976</u>

10. Salary and Benefits Disclosure

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials and the chief administrative officer as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	2013		2012	
	Salary ^(a)	Benefits & Allowances ^(b)	Total	Total
Mayor - Anderson	\$ 36,030	\$ 8,192	\$ 44,222	\$ 41,259
Councillors – Gratton	19,332	367	19,699	28,984
Wiebe	22,605	2,318	24,923	24,792
Kwiatkowski	23,375	1,785	25,160	30,072
Padlesky	22,825	1,117	23,942	24,459
Noel	24,090	3,451	27,541	24,773
Bogdan	3,510	816	4,326	
Gervais	3,565	808	4,373	
Ward	-	-		13,499
Chief Administrative Officer	121,910	22,692	144,602	139,291

- (a) Salary includes regular base pay, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- (b) Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, and long and short term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition and council travel.

11. Segmented Disclosure

The Town of St. Paul provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in note 1.

Refer to Schedule 6 – Segmented Disclosure.

12. Contingencies

- (a) The Town of St. Paul is a member of the Alberta Municipal Insurance Exchange (MUNIX). Under the terms of membership, the Town of St. Paul could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.
- (b) The town has guaranteed \$1,000,000 in loans at the Servus Credit Union for the St. Paul Golf Club. As at December 31, 2013 the loan balance outstanding was \$891,392 and the overdraft balance was \$69,509. The loans are in good standing.
- (c) The town has guaranteed their pro-rata share of a 5.4% Servus Credit Union loan to the M.D. of St. Paul Foundation. The town's share is calculated based on their equalized assessment. As at December 31, 2013 the loan balance was \$20,588; therefore the town's guarantee would be limited to \$5,968. The loan is in good standing.
- (d) The Town of St. Paul is a member of the Evergreen Regional Waste Management Services Commission. Each participating municipality funds a portion of the Commission's deficit based on their proportionate tippage for the year. The expense is accounted for as a current transaction in the year the town is invoiced.

13. Local Authorities Pension Plan

Employees of the town participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Alberta Public Sector Pension Plans Act. The LAPP serves about 133,000 people and 389 employers. The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and by investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The town is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 10.43% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 14.47% on pensionable earnings above this amount. Employees of the town are required to make current service contributions of 9.43% of pensionable salary up to the year's maximum pensionable salary and 13.47% on pensionable salary above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the town to the LAPP in 2013 were \$271,755 (2012 - \$202,527). Total current service contributions by the employees of the town to the LAPP in 2013 were \$247,024 (2012 - \$182,971).

At December 31, 2012, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial deficiency of \$4.977 billion.

14. Financial Instruments

The town's financial instruments consist of cash, credit union shares, receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and long-term debt. It is management's opinion that the town is not exposed to significant interest or currency risks arising from these financial instruments.

The town is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place receivable and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the town provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of the financial instruments approximates fair value

15. Approval of Financial Statements

These financial statements were approved by Council and management.

16. Comparative Figures

Certain of the 2012 comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's financial statement presentation.